## 泗洪中学 2026 届高二年级假期英语文本回头练 (必修第一册)

- 一、根据汉语意思或者首字母提示填写单词
- 1. Her husband became much more positive (积极的) and was soon back in full-time employment.
- 2. I hope we can exchange(交換) experience in learning foreign languages with each other more often.
- 3. Passengers are neminded (提醒) that no smoking is allowed on this train.
- 4. I discovered 发现) him watching the Spring Festival Gala on TV when I got home.
- 5. The brave horse stressed to his feet, in great pain.
- 6. Here I will show the importance of mathematics to the whole of science.
- 7. I would appreciate it if you could take my application into a
- 8. Standing at the top of the hill, you can catch secenery of the whole city.
- 9. In case of a fever and cough, seek medical advice immediately.
- 10. As far as I'm concerned, it is very important for our health to have a balanced diet
- 二、单句语法填空
- 1. They have made <u>acquisiti</u> (acquire) in several EU countries.
- 2. Anxiously (anxious), she took the dress out of the package and tried it on, only to find it didn't fit.
- 3. A team of researchers carried out a huge experiment concernin (concern) 218 cities in 39 countries.
- 4. All the difficulties concerned (concern) with Pamina were solved by the prince.
- 5 Those who change mobile phones frequently will pay a heavy price for being fashiona (fashion).
- 6. A healthy, balanced diet and an active lifestyle will help you stay healthy and energe titenergy).
- 7. People's preferen (prefer) in the way of travel is deeply related to economic development.
- 8. His donatio (donate) means a lot to this area.
- 9. I went to the library to consult books, so that my curiosity (curious) could be satisfied.
- 10. It is interesting to see that babies are curious chout everything around them.

## 三、重点短语完成句子

get into shape, take advantage of, rise to calm down, Viie in,

flook forward to, from one's point of view, eat away at, /get over, think through

- 1. More and more mobile phone users the in their smart equipment to read and study.

  2. The quick development of the company took adv the use of modern technology.

  3. I am took forward to learning something about your Christmas Day.
- 4. We should make efforts to develop our economy to got away challenges from outside.
- 5. You should calm downand think carefully.
- 6. You never really understand a person until you consider things gotten in to
- 7. If you don't have a good answer to this, you need to think it through.
- 8. Doing a job you hate may get evec your happiness over time.
- 9. No one ever gets over being shy completely, but most people do learn to live with their shyness.

10. This year I made a resolution to lose weight and finally from my point of view 四、应用文写作和读后续写高级句式填空

1.(倡议书)众所周知,海洋在我们的世界中扮演着重要的角色。(as 引导非限制性定语从句)
As everybody kn ocean plays an important role in our world.

2.(倡议书)海洋污染如此严重以至于我们要立刻采取措施来保护海洋。(so...that...)

The pollution of the ocean is so serious that we should take immediate measures to protect the ocean.

3.(读后续写之情感描写)接着传来一道熟悉的声音,这让简欣喜若狂。(then 引导的完全倒装

then Va familiar, which made Jane wild with joy.

4.(应用文写作之求助信)如果您能给我们一些关于如何应对这种情况的建议,我将不胜感激。 I would appreciate it if you could give us some advice on how to face the situation

5.(话题写作语言学习)大多数学生选择听英语歌曲,认为无论他们在何地,他们都能学习。 ("疑问词+-ever"引导让步状语从句)

Most students choose listening to English songs, thinking they can ctudy overywhere 6.(应用文写作之发言稿)合理地安排你的在线学习时间是很重要的。(It+be+adj.+that...)

It's important they ou should arrange your online study time reasonably.

五、语篇语法填空

Facial surgery(手术) is a serious business, especially on children who 1 are not yet fully grown but Melbourne researchers are developing a technique that could change the face of children's surgery.

This new <u>devel 2 opmen</u> (develop) will allow doctors to work out a child's normal face shape at different ages to predict(预测) future growth.

Researchers at the Murdoch Children's Research Institute (MCRI) could soon replace the ruler currently <u>used 3</u> (use) to track changes in a child's head and face with 3D images. By 4 improve) the ability to predict normal growth and future changes in a child's face, doctors will be able to <u>bette 5r</u> (well) complete their surgery than before.

MCRI's Mr Harold Matthews said current meth 6 ods (method), including using patients' photographs and X-rays were slow. Together with 7 researchers in Belgium, Mr Matthews is pioneering a new tool that provides averages(平均值) for normal growth of the face throughout childhood.

The project intends to 8 take(take) some of the guesswork out of surgery. For example, in children with Pierre Robin Sequence, a serious condition which means they are born with an underdeveloped jaw(下颚), some doctors choose to fix it early while others wait to see if the child's face will neture 9 ally (natural) correct itself as it grows. Without this new technology, 10 it is difficult to know which method is better for each child.

## (必修第二册)

- 一、根据汉语意思或者首字母提示填写单词
- 1. His book reached an even wider audience (观众) when it was made into a movie.
- 2. There was only a narrow gap between the bed and the wall.
- 3. The coverage (平均的) pay of the workers in the company has risen by 10 percent this year.
- 4. I'm writing to apply for the position (明位) you advertised in the newspaper.

- 5. This is an old custom among the natives passed down from generation to generation.
- 6. The manager of the company is a person of normal (普通的) common sense.
- 7. I couldn't believe it when I heard the news. I'd only seen him the hetter (稍前的) day.
- 8. Two buildings were domag 毁坏) and many other things were also damaged in the explosion.
- 9. An attack on the city was lounched (发动) in the early hours of the morning.
- 10. They produced two reports, neither of which conducted any useful suggestions.

#### 二、单句语法填空

- 1. While this sounds highly appealed (appeal), it does not work.
- 2. 1. devote (devote) to the cause of education for ages, he has been working heart and soul.
- 3. Although the thief was careful, he was still observed to slip (slip) into the house.
- 4. The suspect is being kept under observati. (observe)
- 5. No matter what difficulties we are faced with; we always have the determina to solve them.(determine)
- 6. They attempted to climb (climb) the steepest part of the mountain and intended to reach its peak.
- 7. "I know where she got it," declared Hilda climbing out of the tank with a handful of items still wet from their watery, resting place. "What's all this?" Katherine asked, obviously confused (confuse).
- 8. The party is informal (formal), so you needn't have dressed yourself up.
- 9. What impressed (impress) me most were so many interesting things you shared, through which I learned a lot about Ireland.
- 10. Not only were his skills Impressive (impress), but also his performance was very excellent in the last season.

## 三、重点短语完成句子

In honor of, fall on/behind the scenes, not to mention, do justice to, draw on devote oneself to anything but, in particular, in summary,

- 1. The subject is so complex that I can't clo justice it in a brief survey.
- 2. Some are visible and some are behind the, but all are valuable.
- 3. I've found this to be a really efficient way to travel, anything b'cheap!
- 4. The monument was set up in honor of the heroes who had died for the country.
- 5. Hopefully, luck will olraw on your side, and the first meeting will be just a beginning.
- 6. The maths problem is not to mention easy because only a few of us have worked it out.
- helping the whole society to live safely and happily. 7. He has been
- 8. He dewted his experience as a volunteer and succeeded in collecting enough money for the project.
- 9. In summa we're all looking forward to breathing fresher air and living a happier life.
- 10. I am interested in stories in general, and in detective stories no in particular 四、应用文写作和读后续写高级句式填空
- 1.(应用文之推荐信)北京有很多大学,其中最好、最著名的是北京大学。(of which)
- There are many universities in Beijing, of which the best is Peking University.
- 2.(应用文之建议信)我真的希望我的建议能帮助你尽快适应新的环境。(do 表强调) I do hape the new environment as soon as possible

3.(应用文写作之申请信)我能说一口流利的英语,而且我是班上唯一一个出国深造的学生。 毫无疑问我是负责这项工作的最佳人选。(the+序数词+n.+to do..)

I can speak fluent English and I am the only one chrom for further study. There is no doubt that I am the best one to respond for this job

4.(话题写作阅读)对我而言,阅读时我会忘记一切烦恼,从而放松了自己。(状语从句的省 略)

For me, While reading, I will always forget all my troubles and relax myself.

5.(读后续写之动作描写)马克从未见过比这只狼更可怕的动物,因此他屏住呼吸,不敢挪动

sp

一步。(否定词+比较级)

Mac had never seen this wolf, so he held his breath, not daring to make a movement. 6.(应用文写作之建议信)你最好提前掌握一些基础的汉语,这使你容易适应在北京的新生活。 (make it + adj. to do sth.定语从句)

You'd better master some basic Chinese in advance, which new it eavier to live in Beijing 7.(读后续写之羞愧心理描写) 汤姆扑进母亲的怀抱, 羞愧和尴尬的泪水涌上了他的眼睛。 (with 的复合结构)

Tom threw himself into his mother's arms, with tears do of shyness and embrass flooding onto his 五、阅读七选五

Kids are begging parents for cell phones at younger and younger ages, leaving families with tough choices to make. It might take some time to teach kids how to use phones as tools, not toys. Here are a few ways to get the message across.

Tell them not to use phones at school. Phones can be a distraction 干扰) from learning when used in the classroom. 10 In fact, 43% of teens admit that they often or sometimes use their phones as a way to avoid face-to-face communication with others.

Encourage them to contact long-distance relatives. 26 They're also for keeping in touch with people who you may not get to talk to as often. If you have families who live in another city or state, ask your kids to strike up a conversation.

Lead by example. Setting an example is not only about how you use your phone, but also about how much you use it. When you feel bored and expect to glance over social media, fight it by taking a short walk. 3 F

Advise them not to use phones at the dinner table. For many families, the only time they truly get together is breaking bread at the end of a long day. 4 E Asking your children to leave their phones far from the dinner table is a great way to solve the problem.

- 5 A Sometimes, kids need a little push in order to make better choices about their phones. If they're struggling with healthy habits, put some real-world events on the calendar. Good options include going to an amusement park, working together on a craft project or signing your kids up for sports.
- A. Plan other forms of entertainment.
- B. Prepare a dinner together with your children.
- C. Screen time before bed reduces sleep quality.
- D. They can also prevent students from connecting with one another.
- E. So it is wise of parents to stress the importance of parent child time.
- F. Also, instead of reading a headline, why not pull out a book to read?
- G. Phones aren't just for texting the best friend who lives two blocks away.

的学生。 (必修第三册) 根据汉语意思或者首字母提示填写单词 . 根据以外。

1. The books will be <u>offered</u> (供给) to the children of the disaster-stricken area. ubt that I The books

The books

In the process (过程) of writing the novel, she discussed every stage with him. (句的省 2. In the products can be recycled (回收利用) at the end of their life. 4. Keeping animals at zoos has had a little positive impact on the status of most endangered pecies.

5. A survey of retired people <u>illustrate</u>(表明) that most live an independent and joyful life. 敢挪动 species. 6. Did you tend to make a gesture or sound to send a message before you turned right? 7. He decided to engange the expedition until the following day because of the terrible weather. 生活。 8. You're a nice girl, Lettie, and your kind heart does you 9. The doctors take turns at participating in the \_mobile (移动的) medical team. jing 10. She interviewed six women who have reached positions of great achievemeand influence. 眼睛。 moto his 1. The burning plastic gives off poisonous gases, which are hemful (harm) to our health. eyes 2. We need different worles (vary) of foods to keep a balanced diet. declaration 3. As witnesses to the accident, we were asked to provide a written declaration (declare) of what we with toys. 4. There are wolimite (limit) possibilities if you keep an open mind. 5. Conservation <u>organizat</u> (organize) put out pollinator-friendliness guidelines for home gardens, vhen heir businesses, schools, cities — and now there are guidelines for solar farms. 6. It is obvious that he is fond of riding a bike to work. in 7. Obviewsly (obvious), the exercise will improve your strength and endurance. in 8. Computers should be made readily accessible access) to teachers and pupils on campus, which function as a reliable source of information. so 9. The cute little animals were scared by the loud noise. it 10. The Applicen (apply) should be flexible, creative, and be able to work in a team atmosphere. 三、重点短语完成句子 break out, take the form of, Irun out of, put forward, fefer to speed up, pay off, in favor of, by accident, as to 1. The president spoke at the business meeting for nearly an hour without pot forwarhis notes. putting 2. If everything about him is speeding up is he going to age faster? 3. His efforts poid at when the girl finally accepted his proposal. 4. I found the key to the door by accide When I was cleaning the room. 5. Those who are in four the project, please raise your hands. 6. He is very uncertain as to whether it's the right job for him. 7. Jack took the some great ideas at the meeting, but none of them were accepted. 8. A quarrel broke out between the husband and wife while they were having dinner. 9. This communication effort will refer to emails, overview presentations, and end user training. 10. At the end of the trip, I had almost re run out the money. 1.(活动介绍)我们中的一些人负责摘苹果,而另一些人将它们打包。(while 引导让步状语从

句)

Some of us were responsible for picking apples, while others for

2.(影评)这部短片讲述了我们学校的发展。现在,我们新学校的面积是10年前的三倍大。(倍数上---数 + as + adj./adv.原级 + as)

The short film tells about the development of our school. Now our new school is times as lemer what it was ten years ago.

3.(读后续写之情感描写)听到家乡发生水灾的消息,玛丽吓得僵住了,好像被定在了地上。

Hearing the news that her hometown was hit by the flood, Mary froze with shock, as fixed to as if . She was stacked to the ground

4.(活动介绍)如果你能抽出时间对我的演讲内容提出一些建议,我将不胜感激。(形式宾语 it)

I would appreciate you dot it you could provide about the contents of my speech. 5.(建议信)只有以这种方式,我们才能体会到劳动的乐趣。(only+介词短语放在句首的倒装

句) Only in this way can we experience the joy of labour

Tu Youyou, com lmit (commit) and patient, is one of the greatest scientists in the world. She 五、语篇语法填空 was born in Ningbo, China on 30 December 1930, gra 2 du (graduate) from Peking University Medical School in 1955 and after that, she worked at the China Academy of Traditional Chinese Medicine in Beijing. In 1967, she was 3 ch (choose) by the Chinese government to discover a new treatment for malaria. In 1969 she became the head of the project in Beijing.

However, the discovery of artemisinin wasp't easy. From then on, she and her team examined 2,000 old medical texts and eval 4 mat (evaluate) 280,000 plants. From their research, they discovered and tested 380distinct ancient Chinese medical treatments. Step by step, with determination, using a lower temperature to draw out the extract, Tu Youyou found the 5 substance that worked. Tu Youyou and her team failed more than 190 times, and at last they succeeded in 1971.

She was awarded the Nobel Prize for Physiology or Medicine on 6 October 2015 for the discovery of artemisinin, which could be thought to 6 sew (save) hundreds of thousands of lives and lead to improved health for millions of people. Upon hear 7 ing (hear) that she had been awarded the Nobel Prize, 8 she thought should belong to her team and all the people of her country. se 9 (apparent), it's an honour for China's scientific research and 10 Chinese Appoirently medicine.

# (选择性必修第一册)

# 一、根据汉语意思或者首字母提示填写单词

- 1. The decision was based on emotions (情感) rather than rational thought.
- 2. The medical team sent to the disaster-stricken area consisted of hundreds of doctors and nurses.
- sitting in an slept in his clothes, 3. Charles, effected (受到.....极大影响) with tiredness, armchair with his head dropped.
- 4. I can give you a rough estimation(估计) of the amount of wood you will need.
- 5. The pill was so b that the boy spat it out immediately.
- 6. I was \_\_\_\_\_ (闲逛) through the streets when I caught sight of a tailor's shop.

7. Traditional works of art from different provinces are being displayed (展览) at the culture show of the Shanghai World Expo. 8. Don't blame the boy for the mistake. He is only 8 years old after all. 9. New employees of the company have been ultimately training in recent weeks. 10. Winning the match was just a revision for the effort the team had made. 二、单句语法填空 1. When the food was served, the hungry boy ate it greedily (greedy). 2. The little girl aged six left a deep impression on me. 3. The book on Chinese cuisine was published in associated (associate) with a local company, 4. His being crazy about playing basketball is associated with his father's influence when he was a child. 5.(2023-2024 学年广东省麻涌,塘厦,七中,济川四校高一下学期 5 月期中联考)When he woke up in the hospital, he found himself swround (surround) by doctors and nurses. 6.(2023-2024 学年高一下·福建三明·期中)Surrounded by a lot of green trees and flowers, the village has beautiful surrouding surround). 7.(2023-2024 学年高一上·广东茂名·期末)Being used to working in a difficult condition helps him adapt to different kinds of weather. 8. As I know, he would not be suited for the job. 9. If you are enthusiastic about literature and eager to share your views on literary works, then our club is <u>Suitable</u> (suit) for you. 10. Ludwig van Beethoven is regarded as one of the greatest camposers (compose) in the history of AND COMMENT OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF music. 三、重点短语完成句子 rely on tear apart, get down to, do the trick, dry out for, go about take off, speak volumes about, as opposed to, stick to 1. From my experience, ten to twenty hours' practice can probably . 2. As far as I'm concerned, your teacher is someone that you can rely on. 3. Most businesses are not willing to teer apalast year's model of success and build a new one. 4. I won't put up with any more of your nonsense—now get down work. 5. The city has been seriously destroyed and is orying out money to be rebuilt. 6. His business began to do the trickafter he had put many new products into the market. 7. Green as oppose red means safety; it is the color of free passage in road traffic. 8. Every day he is stuck to his business; in other words, he is busy every day. 9. The sad truth is that most of us have been brought up to eat certain junk food and we speak volumes them all our lives. go about take off 10. Your behavior will get down your ambition and character. 四、应用文写作和读后续写高级句式填空 1.(演讲稿)事实上,这意味着如果你真的下定决心要做某事,不管有多难,永远不要放弃。 (no matter +疑问词引导的状语从句) In fact, it means that if you are really resolved to do something, no matter how difficult 2.(读后续写之环境描写)刺骨的寒风如狼一般怒吼,使得黑暗更加令人窒息(suffocating)(现

The bone-chilling wind howled like a wolf, which made the darkness over more suffice ting 3.(读后续写之情感细节描写)我坚定而自豪地拿出自己的钱递给爸爸。(形容词短语作状语) Is Insisted and proud . I took out my own money and handed it to Dad. 4.(读后续写之心理描写)当我看到拖拉机开向高速公路时,我的心都僵在胸口了。我拼命地 跑, 但没能赶上。(see 的宾语补足语) My heart froze in my chest as I saw the running to the motorway. I ran desperately but failed to catch up. 5.(人物介绍)每次我在学习或生活中遇到一些问题,她总是鼓励我勇敢地克服这些困难。 (every time) Eveny time I met some prob in my study or life, she always encourages me to overcome the difficulties bravely. 6.(人物介绍)正是在她好心的帮助和耐心的指导下,我提高了我的英语水平。(强调句)
It was her kind hulp and po l'improved my English. 7.(应用文之倡议书)我们相信,通过我们的共同努力,我们会创造一个更美丽的世界。(It+ be十过去分词十that...) r etlorts together It is believed that with ou we can create a more beautiful world. 五、七选五 Poetry plays with sounds, words and grammar. 1 E. Poetry uses colors, feelings,

experiences, and images to paint a picture in your mind.

In Chinese classical poetry, the form is very important: the correct number of lines and the number of characters in each line. Poetry often follows special patterns of rhythm and rhyme. However, modern poets began to reject traditional structures for poetry in the 20th century. G2

During the Tang Dynasty, poems by Li Bai and Du Fu became very popular. Li Bai wrote poems celebrating things such as friendship, nature, and wine while Du's most famous poems reflect on the effects of war on the people.

3 1) Americans were first introduced to classical Chinese poetry by American poet Ezra Pound (1885-1973). He translated 18 classical Chinese poems, mainly by Li Bai, into English. 4 C From around 1910 onwards, European literature came to China when some famous writers began to translate both poetry and novels into Chinese.

Just like readers in the West, Chinese readers admire Shakespeare, John Milton and many others for their fine English poetry. The nature poems by William Wordsworth, Ode to the West Wind by Percy Bysshe Shelley, George Gordon Byron's Isles of Greece, and long poems by John Keats have long been favourites.

Today, many Chinese people are becoming more interested in reading poems, no matter in what language they are written. 5 B No matter how well a poem is translated, something of the spirit of the original work is lost.

- A. Consequently, modern poems are totally different in styles and structures.
- B. Translations can be good, but reading in the original language is better.
- V C. At about the same time, Chinese writers started reading more foreign poetry.
- VD. Outside of Asia, the study of Chinese introduced the West to Chinese poetry.
- VE. That makes poetry difficult to write but interesting to read.
- × F. So only reading in the original language can really help to get the works' spirit.
  - G. As a result, most poetry today is written more freely, with lines of varying length.